

# Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <a href="http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content">http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content</a>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

carcasses of animals dead of disease, or killed for any cause, shall be buried at such distance from dwellings or wells or other sources of water supply, that no danger of nuisance can result.

Sec. 3. No person shall permit the drainage of any building to enter any lake, pond, or stream, the water of which is used for domestic purposes or from which ice is cut. [Regulation board of health adopted Mar. 7, 1910.]

#### BROOKS AND STREAMS-OBSTRUCTION OF.

Regulation 6.—Section 1. Whenever a brook, stream or drain becomes partially or completely obstructed, either from natural accumulations or some other cause, thereby creating a nuisance or stagnant water on land of another person, the owner occupant, or lessee of land on which such obstruction occurs shall remove the same, when notified so to do by the board of health, within such time as the board shall name in the notice.

Sec. 2. No person, firm, or corporation shall, by the construction of embankments or the digging of trenches or drains, or by the diversion of a natural water course, cause stormwater, surface-water, drainage, or sewage to flow upon land of another person, firm or corporation, thereby causing a nuisance or stagnant water. [Regulation board of health adopted Mar. 7, 1910.]

#### REFUSE AND RUBBISH-DUMPS FOR.

Regulation 7.—Section 1. No person or persons shall dump or deposit, or cause to be dumped or deposited, refuse or rubbish in any place where dumping is not expressly permitted by the board of health, or in any place where the board of health has placed a notice or sign prohibiting such dumping.

No person or persons shall deface, destroy, or remove any such notice or sign unless

authorized by the board of health.

SEC. 2. The owner, agent, or lessee of any land used as a dumping place for refuse or rubbish shall keep such dumping place at all times in a condition satisfactory to the board of health. [Regulation board of health adopted Mar. 7, 1910.]

### ANIMALS-KEEPING OF, WITHIN THE CITY.

Regulation 8.—The keeping of swine, goats, dogs, cows, poultry, or any other animals in any part of the city where such keeping shall be held by the board of health to be detrimental to the public health or offensive to the neighborhood is hereby prohibited, and after due notice by the said board to the owner or person in charge he shall remove the same or cause the same to be removed from any place where such keeping shall be prohibited by the board within such time as the board may name in the notice, [Regulation board of health adopted Mar. 7, 1910.]

# MEMBERS OF BOARD TO ACT AS AGENTS.

Regulation 9.—Every member of the board of health may act as a special agent, and shall have the special power to order the abatement of any nuisance coming under his observation, and may make complaint of violation of any law, ordinance, or by-law relative to the public health. [Regulation board of health adopted Mar. 7, 1910.]

## LICENSES MAY BE REVOKED.

Regulation 10.—Any license issued by the board of health may be revoked by the said board for any breach of the conditions upon which the license is issued or for any other good and sufficient reason, at the pleasure of the board. [Regulation board of health adopted Mar. 7, 1910.]

BARBER SHOPS.

Regulation 11.—Section 1. All places used as barber shops, together with all furniture therein, shall be kept at all times in a cleanly condition.

Sec. 2. Mug., shaving brushes, and razors shall be sterilized by immersion in boiling

water after each separate use thereof.

SEC. 3. A separate clean towel shall be used for each customer. Alum or other material used to stop the flow of blood shall be used in powdered form only, and shall

SEC. 4. The use of powder puffs and sponges is hereby prohibited.

SEC. 5. Every barber shop shall be provided with an abundance of clean hot and cold water. Every barber shall cleanse his hands thoroughly after serving each customer. [Regulation board of health adopted Mar. 7, 1910.]